

Large screen digital multimeter Operating instruction

MARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

- To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury, and to avoid possible damage to the meter or to the equipment under text, comply with the follow practices:

 Do not use the meter if it is damaged. Before you use the meter, inspect the case. Pay particular attention to the insulation surrounding the connectors.

 Inspect the test leads for damaged insulation or exposed metal. Check the test leads for continuity. Replace damaged test leads before you use the meter.

 Do not use the meter if it operates abnormally. Protection may be impaired. When in dealth by but the meter sandard.

- Do not use the meter if it operates abnormany. Protection may be imparied. When doubt, have the meter serviced.

 Do not operate the meter around explosive gas, vapor, or dust.

 Do not apply more than the rated voltage, as marked on the meter, between terminals or between any terminal and earth ground.

 Before use, verify the meter's operation by measuring a known voltage.

 When measuring current, turn off circuit power before connecting the meter in the circuit.
- When servicing the meter, use only specified replacement parts. Do not use the Meter in a manner not specified by this manual or the safety features of the Meter may be impaired.
- Use with caution when working above 30V ac rms, 42V peak, or 60V dc. Such
- Use with caution when working above styl ac rms, 429 peak, or eavy uc. sour voltages pose a shock hazard.
 When using the probes, keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the probes.
 Connect the common test lead before you connect the live test lead. When you disconnect test leads, disconnect test tell by test lead first.
 Remove the test leads from the meter before you open the battery door.
- Do not operate the meter with the battery door or portions of the cover removed
- To avoid false readings, which could lead to possible electric shock or personal injureplace the batteries as soon as the low battery indicator (" 🚉 ") appears.

GENERAL SPECIFICATION

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 Display: 3-1/2 digits LCD with a maximum reading of 1999.
 Measurement rate: updates 2-3/sec.
 Over range indication: "1" figure only in the display
 Automatic negative polarity indication.
 The " 🕮 " is displayed when the battery voltage drops below the operating voltage Full range over load protection.
- Capacitance measurement Auto-Zeroing.

 Auto Power Off: It will be automatically cut off in about 15 minutes after the power is turned on. It needs to be turned off and turned on again to continue the power.

→ Operating temperature: 0°C ~40°C, 0°75% R.H.
Storage temperature: 10°C~50°C, 0°75% R.H.

➤ Power: Single standard 9V battery IEC 6722, NEDA 1604, IIS 006P.

Dimensions: 1821-78W*40Hmm.

→ Weight: approx 310g (including battery)

→ Accessories: test leads (pair), operator's manual.

Safety Compliance: IEC 61010-1, 2000 CAT 11000V overvoltage standards.

Overvoltage installation categories per IEC 61010-1, 2000: The Meter is designed to protect against transients in these categories:

CATI From equipment supplied from the fixed installation, e.g., TVs, PCs, portable tools and household appliances.

CATI IIF rom equipment in fixed equipment installations, e.g., installation panels, feeders and short branch circuits, and lighting systems in large buildings.

2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracy is given as±(% of reading + number of least significant digits) for one year, at 22°C+5°C RH</br>

Range	Accuracy	resolution
200mV	± (1.5%+5d)	100uV
2V	± (1.0%+5d)	1mV
20V		10mV
200V		100mV
1000V	± (1.5%+5d)	1V

Input impedance: 10M \(\Omega\) on all range

Range	Accuracy	resolution
200mV	± (1.3%+8d)	100uV
2V		1mV
20V		10mV
200V		100mV
750V	± (1.5%+10d)	1V

Input impedance: 10M Q Frequency range: 40 ~ 400Hz

Range	Accuracy	
200uA	± (1.5%+8d)	0.1uA
2mA	± (1.5%+8d)	1uA
20mA	± (1.5%+5d)	10uA
200mA	± (1.5%+5d)	100uA
10A	± (2.0%+10d)	10mA

Measuring voltage drop: 200mV

Range	Accuracy	resolution
200uA	±(2.0%+Sd)	
2mA		1uA
20mA		10uA
200mA		100uA
10A	±(2.5%+10d)	10mA

Measuring voltage drop: 200mV Frequency range: 40 ~ 400Hz

Range	Accuracy -	resolution
20nF	±(4.0%+5d)	10pF
200nF	±(4.0%+5d)	100pF
2uF	±(4.0%+5d)	1nF
20uF	±(4.0%+5d)	10nF
200uF	±(4.5%+Sd)	100nF
2mF	±(5.0%+20d)	1uF

Range	Accuracy	resolution
200 Ω	±(1.0%+5d)	0.1Ω
2ΚΩ		1Ω
20K Q		10 Ω
200ΚΩ		100 Ω
2M Ω		1ΚΩ
20M Ω	±(1.5%+10d)	10K Ω
200M Ω	±(5%+10d)	100K Ω

7) FREQUENCY IESI		
Range	Accuracy	resolution
2kHz	±(1.5%+8d)	1Hz
200kH	±(1.5%+8d)	100Hz

3. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Dangerous voltages may be present at the input terminals and may not be displayed.

3.1 DCV & ACV MASUREMENT

- 1) Set the Function range switch at the (\(\frac{\text{MR}}{\text{PR}}\)) position. And press (SELECT) to SELECT AC or DC.

 2) Connect black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to the "\(\frac{\text{MR}}{\text{M}}\)" input terminal 3) Connect test leads to measuring point and read the display value the polarity of the red lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the voltage.

- a) If the voltage to be tested is unknown beforehand, set the Function range switch to
- the higher range and work down.

 b) When only the figure "1" is displayed over range is being indicated and the function
- range switch has be set to a higher range.

 Never measure voltage beyond range. This operation may damage the instrument or give the wrong value.
- d) When measuring voltages higher than 500V ,In order to prevent instrument damage and which integrating vinages injured with the contract the high-voltage area and the black test pen to contact the low-voltage area.

3.2 DCA & ACA MEASUREMENT

- Connect the black test lead to the "COM" terminal and the red test lead to "mA" or "A" terminal.
- Set the function range switch at the (ACM) position. And press (SELECT) to SELECT AC or DC.
- Connect test leads to measuring points and read the display value. The polarity at the red test lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the current.

Note:

- If the current range is unknown beforehand, set the function range switch to the highest range and work down.
- b) When only the figure "1" is displayed, over range is being indicated and the function range switch should be set to a higher range.
 c) Excessive current will below the fuse that must be replaced when the input is from
- "A" terminal. Fuse type is 0.2A.

 d) The 10A range is not protected by a fuse, maximum 10A continuous, maximum 10A measuring time must be less than 15 seconds.

RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT

To avoid electrical shock or damage to the Meter when measuring resistance or continuity in a circuit, make sure the power to the circuit is turned off and all capacitors are discharged.

- Connect black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to the "V Ω H" input terminal Set the function range switch to the " Ω " range.
- Connect the test leads across the resistance under measurement and read the displa

Note:

a) The polarity of the red test lead is "+"

- b) When the input is not connected, i.e. at open circuit, the figure "1" will be displayed for the over range condition.
- or the over range common.

 c) If the resistance value being measured exceeds the maximum value of the range selected, an over range indication "1" will be displayed and function range switch should be set to a higher range.

3.4 CAPACITANCE MEASUREMENT

△ △ Warning

To avoid damage to the Meter, disconnect circuit power and Discharge all high-voltage capacitors before measuring capacitance.

1) Set the function range switch at the "f" position. Before connecting the capacitor, the display could be zeroed automatically slows.

2) Connect the test capacitor to the "VDH" and "COM" input terminals and read the display

Note: The tested capacitor should be discharged before the testing procedure. Never apply voltage to the "VOH" input terminals, or serious damage may result.

3.5 FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT

- Set the function range switch at the required "Hz" position.
 Connect test leads to measuring points and read the display value.

Note: Do not apply more than 250V rms to the input. Indication is possible a voltage higher than 100V rms, but reading maybe out of specification.

3.6 DIODE & CONTINUITY TEST

- 1) Set the function range switch at the " +1))" position.
- Connect the black text lead to "COM" terminal and red text lead to " $V\Omega^{\frac{1}{6}}$ " input terminal (Note: the polarity of the red text lead is "+1). This range with "AUDIBLE CONTINUITY TEXT" function. Built-in buzzer sounds if the resistance between two probes is less than 40 \pm 0.0. Connect the text leads across the diode and read the display value. 2)

- Test condition: Forward DC current approx. 1mA. Reversed DC voltage approx.2.8V.

 The meter displays the forward voltage drop and displays figure "1" for overload when the diode is reversed.

3.7 Measuring the battery

- Necessity Set the function range switch at the "BAT" position.

 Set the function range switch at the "BAT" position.

 Connect the black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to "BAT+" input terminal (Note: the polarity of the red test lead is "+").
- Connect the test leads across the Battery under measure

3.8 TRANSISTOR HEE TEST

3.8 TRANSISTOR HE TEST
Set the function range switch to the "hFE" position.

Make sure the transistor is "NPN" or "PNP" type.

Transistor correctly insert in E.B.C. connector.

Olsplay reading is approx. transistor hE value.

Note: Test condition: Base current approx.10uA. VcE approx.2.8V

- 3.9 Non-contact induced voltage test (NCV)

 1) Set the function range switch at "NCV" position.

 2) 2. Put the top of the multimeter near the ac charged body

 3) When the sensor on the top of the multimeter detects the presence of ac electric field, the internal buzzer will alarm and the corresponding induced voltage intensity will be displayed on the LCD screen.

Note: This function is only used for the presence of inductive electric field, so it is not possible to judge whether the measured circuit is safe, Cause the risk of electric shock.

4. The key that

- "SELECT" : Function selection
 "HOLD" : Numerical keep

5. MAINTENANCE

Beyond replacing batteries and fuses, do not attempt to repair or service your Meter unless you are qualified to do so and have the relevant calibration, performance test, and service instructions. The recommended calibration cycle is 12 months.

Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Do not use abrasives or solvents. Dir or moisture in the terminals can affect readings.

To clean the terminals

- a) Push the Meter OFF and remove the test leads.
 b) Shake out any dirt that may be in the terminals.
- c) Soak a new swab with isopropyl alcohol and work around the inside of each input terminal. Use a new swab to apply a light coat of fine machine oil to the inside of each terminal.

6. BATTERY AND FUSE REPL ACEMENT